...ern Ranges.

...k California R. R. Co

...ect Sunday, Aug 19, 1877, at
12 o'clock Noon
...LY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows
...AND AND ROSEBURG
ARRIVE
...:50 A. M. | Roseburg ..... 7:00 P.M.
...:00 A. M. | Portland ..... 4:15 P.M.
...NY EXPRESS TRAIN,
...LY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows
ARRIVE.
...:50 P M | Albany ..... 3:30 P M.
...:30 A M | Portland ..... 10:05 A M.
...REIGHT TRAINS
...CEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS
ARRIVE
...:15 A. M. | Junction ..... 5:30 P.M.
...:45 A. M. | Portland ..... 5:05 P.M.
...and California Railroad Ferry and
...th all Regular Trains.
...tions are made at ROSEBURG with
...he Oregon and California Stage Com-
...or Sale to all the principal points in
...the East, at Company's Office.
...Front Sts., at Ferry Landing
PORTLAND
...be changed on freight remaining
...ed 24 hours.
...not be received for shipment after 5 P.M.
J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
...KER, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

...rn Pacific Railroad.
PACIFIC DIVISION
...AMA TO TACOMA
AND
...MA TO WILKESON,
(Coal Mines
...W LINE TRAINS,
...Y, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)
ARRIVE.
...:30 A.M. Tacoma ..... 5:30 P.M.
...:00 A.M. Kalama ..... 10:30 P.M.
...Kalama and Portland Trains.
ARRIVE.
...:30 A.M. Wilkeson ..... 9:00 A.M.
...:30 P.M. Tacoma ..... 5:30 P.M.
CONNECTIONS
...with Pacific Mail Steamships for
...San Francisco and with Sound
...Steamers, Steilacoom, Olympia and
...Tacoma.
...Stage for Steilacoom.
...with stages for Olympia.
...with O. S. N. Co.'s boats for Port
...Gamble on Columbia River.
...Wednesday and Saturday at
...Commencement for Port Townsend, Victoria
...Westminster and Fraser River.
...tickets for sale at Principal Office
..., and at the Office of the O. S. N. Co.
...Oregon to Victoria and Seattle, and
...Co.'s steamships from Tacoma to
...and P. C. S. S. Co.'s steamships from
...San Francisco
...tickets to Portland, Oregon, for sale at
...ttle, Tacoma and Tenino
...SAML J. BLACK, Gen'l Sup't.
...A. SOGGES, General Ticket Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO.

...e Unfortunate
DR. CIBBON'S
DISPENSARY,
...Kearny Street, S. F.
...Established in 1854, for the treatment of Seminal and Spermatic Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Skin Diseases etc., permanently cured, or no charge.
...ENITAL WEAKNESS.
...Nervousness, the consequence of self-abuse, is a dreadful disease. Many young men, and middle-aged men, are troubled with this terrible weakness, which, if not cured, produces many of the following symptoms, viz.: Dimness of sight, weak eyes, pain in the back, dizziness, nervousness, blushing in the face, aversion to society, loss of memory, lassitude, pimples and various other symptoms, such as a dislike to form new acquaintances, to enjoy society, blotches on the face, ferrule tongue, foul breath, indigestion, night sweats, unnatural discharges, etc.
CURED AT HOME.
...a distance may be CURED AT HOME by a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating carefully all symptoms of disease, personal appearance, habits of life, occupation, etc. Forms and question lists will be forwarded, free of charge, to any part of the country, by inclosing two postage stamps. Medicines forwarded by express, safely packed, and with no marks to indicate the contents. Letters should be addressed to DR. J. F. GIBBON, Box 1,957 San Francisco, Cal., and must contain a stamp for reply. Dr. Gibbon has been regularly graduated in the Medical Profession for 24 years, and has devoted the last 20 years to the treatment of Seminal and Spermatic Diseases. Consultation, personally or by letter, free. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Private entrance, No. 3 Kearny Street. DR. J. F. GIBBON, Box 1,957 San Francisco.

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GENERAL NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN

Railroad Collision

PITTSBURG Feb 14—A collision on the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne Railroad this morning wrecked two engines and several freight cars killed Engineer Pflugh and Fireman Hill and seriously injured two others No passengers hurt

Woman Suffrage Bill.

BOSTON, Feb 15—It the Maine house of representatives to day, a bill was reported to give equal political rights irrespective of sex and granting women the right to vote in municipal elections

A Rich Strike.

HELENA, Montana, Feb 15—A rich strike has recently been made in the Snow Drift mine, about 22 miles northwest of Helena Fifteen hundred ounces, valued at $24 000 from the mine are now on exhibition The vein is 12 feet wide

The weather is of the loveliest kind not a particle of snow fell this winter

Suit Dismissed.

OMAHA, Feb 15—The suit of the Douglas county commissioners against the Union Pacific involving the legality of $250,000 bridge bonds, issued to aid in the construction of the Missouri river bridge, was to day amicably adjusted and dismissed.

The Death Penalty.

St. Louis, Feb. 15.—For the murder of John Love in McDonald county in 1873, John J. Abels, over 60 years old, was hanged at Carthage to-day. The murder was caused by jealousy on account of an abandoned female Abels was dosed with whiskey during the forenoon, and was profane during his passage from the jail to the gallows He confessed having shot Love.

MISSOURI, Feb. 15.—Beaver's full confession is published. He states money was his sole object in murdering Sewells, that she struck the latter while asleep and then fired the church where they were.

Cremated.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Pa, Feb 15—The cremation of the remains of Mrs. Benjamin Pitman was successfully accomplished this afternoon, the operation lasting two hours All strangers and newspaper representatives were rigidly excluded. The arrangements were similar to those used in the cremation of Baron d'Palm. The body was reduced in 13 minutes. It will require 90 hours for the retort to cool Mr Pitman is more than satisfied with the experiment. To day's experiment has convinced those attendant that cremation is the quickest, most economic and sanitary way of treating the dead.

Fires.

WELLS BRACH, Me., Feb, 15—Island Ledge House, one of the finest on the beach, burned to day; loss, $40,000; insured, probably in country.

HUNTSMAN, Texas, Feb. 15.—Ten buildings burned this morning; loss, $54,000, insurance, $18,000.

Smallpox.

HUNTSMAN, Texas, Feb 15 — Epidemic smallpox raging at Rosmond. Nine tenths of the town have left.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Comments on Jones' Speech.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Conkling and several other pronounced opponents of silver remonetization characterized Jones' effort as a "great speech," and Stanley Matthews, reflecting the general opinion of the sympathizers with its argument, remarked with a beaming countenance: "He has not only made a great speech, but has worked a miracle, for he said some things both good and new on the silver question."

Pro-Chinese Argument.

A written argument read before the house committee on education and labor to day by the Washington agent of the Chinese Six Companies was not a very strong nor appropriately very effective production It was mainly devoted to the moral and labor phases of the Chinese question treating them in the same style as the Six Companies' memorial to congress, and quoting largely from testimony given before the investigating commission by the California advocates of cheap labor In an effort to show that the demand for restriction of Mongolian immigration does not reflect the sentiment of what he called the respectable and property-holding class of Pacific coast citizens he insisted that congress should pay no attention to these demands, but should consider the subject without reference to them or to the Pacific coast representatives, who he intimated were dictated to by a mob and were simply anxious to secure votes for their re election He described this mob as being mainly composed of foreign elements of the lower class, seeking to drive Chinamen out of the country and refer red to the necessary precautions taken by the local authorities and state government to repress their boisterous utterances and their threatening lawless action He also insisted that the fact that Chinamen live on less than white people, is no reason why they should not be allowed here, and in general terms contended that treaty obligations should be regarded as paramount to all other considerations He did not state distinctly but intimated quite plainly that he was opposed to any restriction being placed upon Chinese immigration, whether by legislation or by the action of the administration or otherwise He will complete his argument before this committee next Wednesday First Davis and Page and other members of the Pacific coast delegation intend to be present Luttrell was the only member present to day, none of the rest having been notified of any change in the previous arrangement, according to which Kennedy was not to have been heard before next week

Lincoln Territory.

WASHINGTON, Feb 15—The senate committee on territories to day decided to report favorably a bill for the creation of the territory of Lincoln, to be formed out of portions of the territories of Dakota and Wyoming, so as to include all the Black Hills country

Texas Pacific Railroad.

The senate railroad committee to-day heard Vice President Bond, of the Texas Pacific Railroad Company in reply to arguments of Huntington's company and in advocacy of propositions of his own

The Returning Board Trials.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15—The *Tribune's* Washington special says The attorney general is represented to have said that in his opinion the United States cannot interfere in the trials of the returning board The subject will be again considered in the cabinet to morrow

New Customs Rule.

WASHINGTON, Feb 15—In order that proper facilities may be given to merchants masters of vessels and others in transactions of customs business, and to prevent certain practices liable injurious to the interests of importers and the government the secretary of the treasury has issued some new regulations one of which is that weighers, gangers and all other officers and employes in the customs service are forbidden to receive from any importer master owner or consignor of any vessel, custom house brokers or other persons interested in importations of merchandise, any fee, compensation or gratuity reward or perquisite, whether directly or indirectly on account of any service rendered or to be rendered in consideration with his office or employment

Arguments before the R. R. Committee

In the senate railroad committee this morning Mr Storrs attorney of the Central Pacific Railroad and Southern Pacific Company of California, appeared in opposition to the bill as Pacific Railroad bill recently amended The proposition of the California company and Arizona to extend its line eastward and to be granted the lands heretofore granted to the Texas Pacific Company but alleged to be subject to forfeiture by reason of a failure to complete the road between the Colorado river and El Paso

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb 14

Ingalls reviewed the history of the gold and silver standards and said he was the most frank and candid in declaring that the object of the friends of silver was to get more money and by cheapening the dollar to enable the debtor class to pay less. He claimed the fruits of victory by silver was the principle of this bill. He discussed resumption which he said never ought to have been made. He was glad all never ought to have been made. He was glad enough still because he (Ingalls) owned 1,000 acres and should combined in this matter to vote the bill. Others against the bill were glad it was not defeated. In looking the passage of this bill asked less than they will be looking at. He was astonished at the modesty of the west which he thought of his services.

Allison took the floor to close the debate and made an able argument in support of the bill. In closing he said this demand for the remonetization of silver is not local in character and does not originate in the west or in the Mississippi valley for the purpose of securing a proper circulating medium but has the approbation of the best minds and thinkers of all civilized countries and is just now exciting as deep interest in other countries as our own. For did this demand or gain in public favor toward the public creditor That question is of minor importance and insignificant compared with the great interests of all people of all civilized states. Those who favor this measure do not propose to violate any promise or tarnish or to impair the public credit, but rather desire to establish it upon an enduring foundation by increasing our ability to pay according to promise The heavy public burdens which now weigh us down—loss of confidence loss of security and loss of employment pervades every section and every class at present The cure for these evils is beyond legislative control The effect of this legislation will probably be to remove the apprehension that now exists to the public mind that prices are to continue to fall as compared with gold

Lamar said he had a painful but necessary duty to perform and had read the resolutions of the Mississippi legislature instructing their senators to vote for the silver bill. He said there was a great gulf between the republicans and his constituents. He spoke warmly of his love to Mississippi and of his share in the education of her youth. He had endeavored to impress on their belief that truth was better than falsehood honesty better than policy cowardice than courage. Many questions confront me To say I must be true or false, honest or ruinous, faithful or unfaithful to my people even in this hour of their legislative displeasure and disapprobation I cannot vote as those resolutions direct. I cannot and will not shirk the responsibility which my position imposes. My duty, as I see it, I will do and I will vote against this bill When this is done my responsibility is ended My reasons for my vote shall be given to my people Then it will be for them to determine my adherence to the honest convictions has not unfaithful me from representing them whether a difference of opinion upon a difficult and complicated subject to which I have given patient and long continued conscientious study to which I have brought entire honesty and singleness of purpose and upon which I have spent whatever ability God has given me is such to separate us whether this difference is to override that complete union of thought and sympathy and hope which on all other and I believe even more important subjects bind us together— He intimated that the time was near when they would see it as he does.

The question being on striking out the free coinage clause and inserting the clause adjusting the secretary of the treasury, out of money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to purchase silver bullion not less than two millions monthly, nor more than four millions and have the same coined etc.

Morgan, of Alabama, opposed the amendment, which was read It provides that the holder of any silver bullion may deposit the bullion in any mint in quantities of value not less than one thousand dollars in a single deposit, and not to exceed the value of a hundred thousand dollars during any calendar month, to be coined into dollars and provided for the issue of certificates for bullion so deposited; such certificates to be paid in legal tenders.

Morgan said he favored the house bill but submitted it as a compromise but as it seemed fruitless he withdrew it

Beck's amendment came up directing the secretary of the treasury to purchase and have coined into dollars not less than three million of bullion monthly and providing that when bullion is only purchased at par the seigniory may notify the public and owners may have their bullion coined for their own benefit

Thurman explained the difference between the house and senate committee's bills and said that after years designed to make the former more mandatory on the secretary of the treasury who might be hostile

Blaine said he received many letters asking whether the demonetization bill was read in the senate in Feb 1873 He referred to the *Globe* and newspaper reports and the record to show it was read

Blaine and Voorhees became involved in a discussion in which each confessed he knew nothing about the character of the bill when it passed

Beck, Thurman, Ferry, Edmunds and Allison joined in the discussion

Beck explained his amendment

Morrison cast on record against fixing the amount of silver to be coined at so large a figure that the mints could not also coin gold

Allison thought both might be coined success fully

Thurman moved a recess till 8 o'clock Rejected

Beck modified his amendment slightly and it was rejected

The finance committee's amendment was amended by inserting "worth," making it read two to four million's worth of bullion per month" It was also amended by inserting the words monthly as fast as so purchased"

McDonald moved to strike out the words "not more than four million" rejected 30 to 43

Motion for recess were voted down

Morrill submitted an amendment as follows

Provided Further, that for the first year after the passage of this act no more than 25 per cent, and for the second year not more than 50 per cent of any payment for duties shall be receivable in the coupons hereby authorized rejected 21 to 46

Wallace offered an amendment providing that a hundred million dollars shall be coined during the three years from date, and if the average monthly gold supply for said period during the last 12 months thereof shall be less than 97 100 of a dollar, the secretary of the treasury may suspend coinage until further action by congress.

Ferry and Wadleigh opposed this as insinuating that silver would appreciate

Windom advocated it but said frankly he knew nothing of this amendment The amendment was lost 40 to 26

The finance committee's amendment to strike out the free coinage was agreed to 43 to 22

Edmunds submitted the following amendment But nothing in this section contained shall be construed to interfere with the coinage of gold and subsidiary silver coins at now authorized by law This led to a lengthy discussion.

Sargent in favoring the amendment, said unless it should be adopted the coinage of gold would be stopped and gold driven from the country

Jones of Nevada—I wish it would

Sargent—I would like the senator to tell why he has such a wish

Jones argued that the coinage system of this country was based upon the idea that the cheapest in the world to control The people of this country could by legislators of this day to restrict coinage if they refused to give them option to pay their debts in silver He had said he wished gold would go out of the country He knew many hungry men who would rather see it go out of the country than wheat He knew of no power to drive gold out of the country unless it brought an equivalent

In response to a question of Hamlin as to why he Jones took a different view of this question four years ago, Jones said he had lived and learned something in four years while most of the senators on the side of the question opposed to him had rather retrograded than otherwise [Laughter]

Sargent said he represented in part a state the people of which were attached to gold and for their sake he did not want it driven out of the country He had not the slightest idea but that the effect of this bill would be to violate the solemn contracts of the United States and referred to the specific contract laws of California under which gold had been and he hoped would continue to be used as money

Jones in further explanation of his remarks about gold leaving the country said he did not wish any law to be passed to exclude either metal from the country He desired to re establish the coinage laws of 1834 as modified by the laws of 1841 and let the laws of trade regulate the rest Amendment rejected—yeas 29 nays 46

House

Stephens, chairman of the committee on coinage weights and measures reported a joint resolution authorizing the president to call an international monetary commission to consider and recommend a uniform ratio between gold and silver for legal tender powers of gold and silver Referred

After the morning hour the house went into committee of the whole Hooper in the chair on the legislative appropriation bill The first item was the one providing that no appropriation made by this act for compensation to supervisors of census or other officers in connection with the tenth census shall be paid to any person who has been or shall be employed in violation of the provisions of section 1,761 of the revised statutes which prohibits the employment of more than one person from the same state in the census office

Hooper said he opposed the provision of the law that would compel the employment of democrats in the census office

The item was then passed over

Hooper moved to strike out the item appropriating $1,000 for the expenses of the Mississippi river commission

Randall opposed the motion

Hooper said he was willing to leave the matter to the committee on appropriations

Randall said he was willing to leave the matter to the committee on appropriations

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 16, 1878.

LECTIONS FOR VALUES.

A letter to THE OREGONIAN printed on another page, propounds certain questions in regard to the public debt and the manner in which it is to be paid. We have received several communications on the same subject, but most of them are wordy and their meaning obscure. This one is brief and plainly written; it represents well the essential points of errors on the subject which have obtained so great a hold on the public mind, and its inquiries are put in such a shape as entitle them to answer. It is proper to say at the outset that the writer's fundamental error is the assumption that debts can be paid with promises to pay. This will appear as the examination proceeds.

1. The United States, when it was forced to contract a great debt to suppress the rebellion did not specify that the bonds were to be paid in coin, because at that time the idea was not seriously entertained that they could be paid in anything else. The greenback is only a promise to pay money, and at that time there was only a small class of persons to whom the idea had occurred that a debt could be paid by giving a promissory note for it.

2. The greenback is an evidence of a debt owed by the United States, only it bears no interest. Those other evidences of the national debt known as bonds bear interest; and the United States can no more pay the latter with the former than an individual could force his own promissory note bearing no interest upon a creditor in full payment and satisfaction of his interest bearing note which such creditor holds. The process would not be payment at all. The government would simply be requiring its creditor to take its non-interest bearing and irredeemable promissory notes for his interest bearing securities, and playing the juggle of this exchange for payment. To attempt this would be a folly so extreme as almost to baffle argument. It would even go beyond ridicule. Government meets its current expenses, except interest on the public debt, by issuing and reissuing the greenback, which is but a non-interest bond; but it can no more pay in this way a debt of borrowed money for which it has issued its bonds than a private individual can pay off his note by giving another note for it, or lift himself over a fence by the waistband.

3. For some of its bonds the United States received coin, and for some it took paper currency in exchange. When it took the latter it did it for its own convenience, simply exchanging one form of its debt for another.

4. During nearly the whole period of our national existance there has been a national debt. Silver never was used by the government to any considerable extent in making coin payments, and for above forty years has not been used at all. Gold being used constantly before the war in paying government bonds and in all of government's coin transactions, it never occurred to any one that silver would be the money in which payment of bonds would be offered. For half a century the silver dollar has not been in circulation. All told, only eight millions were ever coined, and most of these were exported. The smaller silver coins were legal tender for only five dollars, and therefore could not be used for payment. Neither government nor the bondholder could have imagined under these circumstances that payment was to be made in silver. At that time silver was too high as compared with gold, even had it been thought of. But now, because silver has become a drug in the world's market in consequence of an annual production of seventy millions as against two millions twenty years ago, necessitating its demonetization by all leading nations, we propose to take it up and coin it, at the rate of ninety or ninety-two cents for a dollar, and use it not only to pay our national debt but to discharge private obligations and make it the base of all money transactions. This clamor for silver never would have arisen had not the great decline of silver occurred to hold out a tempting offer for partial repudiation. These, briefly stated, are some of the reasons why THE OREGONIAN talks about the "greenback swindle" and the "silver swindle." The one contemplates payment of the national debt with paper amulets; the other with silver coined for the purpose at a rate ten per cent below its market value. But injustice is not a good policy, nor is rapine a high road to riches. Robbery and fraud operating together, usually end with blowing up their whole apparatus of force and deception, and the country which engages in such enterprises always finds them most costly experiments. No subtle dexterity of ingenious fraud can make fictious stand for values and it is sooner the attempt is abandoned in this country of ours, the less it will cost us.

INSURANCE DEPOSIT LAW.

Some years ago certain insurance companies doing business in Oregon, for the purpose of keeping out other companies and gaining for themselves a monopoly of the business, got a bill through the legislature, which is still on the statute book, requiring all companies to deposit with the state treasurer $50,000 in bonds of the United States or the state of Oregon. This law, like most measures involving public interest, was urged on the ground of public interest, namely, protection of policy-holders. It is a mere pretense and entirely malicious, though probably it was this that hoodwinked the legislature into enacting the law. A judgment against a solvent insurance company is always paid, and is collectable as well without deposit here as with it. And a local insurer is no better protected against an insolvent company with the deposit than without it. He would have to lien on the deposit, but it would have to be divided among all the creditors of the company, like any other assets it might have.

Our statute provides that the companies shall pay taxes within the state upon their deposits of bonds, the same as the property. But as the deposits are all non-taxable bonds, not a cent of tax is paid. Another clumsy law of our state attempts to tax the insurance companies by requiring their policies to be stamped, the state selling them the stamps. The result is that the companies add the cost of stamps to the cost of policies, the insurer is forced to pay it, and it costs the companies nothing. The operation enables the treasurer and secretary of state also to make fees, and affords the companies a chance to avoid paying taxes while appearing to pay them. On every citizen who insures his property it imposes unequal taxation. He pays the state taxes upon his house according to its assessed value, and if he insures he pays state taxes again in the shape of stamps. Brown insures his property, and if it burns he still has something left—the insurance money—for the state to tax. Jones fails to insure, and when his property burns he has nothing left on which the state can levy. Yet this prudence on the part of Brown the state rewards by making him pay double tax upon his house. Once in the form of the usual levy, and again, in the form of stamps on his insurance policy.

The state not only derives no revenue from the insurance companies except such as they re-collect from the citizen, but the companies actually become a tax on the treasury. The state treasurer is paid one-half of one per centum per annum upon the bonds for letting them lie in the state's safes, which brings him several hundred dollars a year that comes out of the taxpayers. Other states collect taxes on insurance, express and other companies doing business within their limits, and, without property there to tax, by requiring of them a license; and this cannot be so easily charged to the citizen as the stamp tax. Oregon can do the same if the companies and office-holders who want official fees will permit the legislature to take action. Insurance companies doing a large business here are not the only ones that escape contributing to the public revenue. Express companies doing business yielding enormous profits pay upon little or nothing. They have nothing in the state to tax except possibly office fixtures and sometimes a wagon.

In the Oregon state treasury there are several hundred thousand dollars of U. S. bonds deposited. They are liable to be stolen, in which case the state would be responsible to the companies for them. It is not beyond possibility that such may be the final result of this legislation in behalf of the insurance companies and fee swallowing officials. Both parts of this act, the bond deposit law and the stamp law, ought to be repealed, and thus open the business of the state to competition among companies, and relieve insuring citizens of the double charge of tax and stamp. Then let the state impose a license fee upon the companies, such as would be reasonable and just. This would be fair for all; and if it should cut off some of the fees of state officials the people might be able to bear that too.

After having plainly intimated its approval of the Cincinnatti *Enquirer's* suggestion that the eastern Democracy be "tossed overboard," the *Standard* is now disingenuous enough to claim that it only printed what the *Enquirer* said as an expression of another journal, and did not intend to approve it. But it distinctly said of the programme laid down by the *Enquirer*, "It may come," and gave the article special prominence in its editorial columns, with an editorial introduction. So it will not be able to slip out on the plea that it was simply printing the article as an expression of current opinion without endorsing it, and did this because it was an independent paper, not an organ." On the contrary it claims habitually to be an organ, and not only boasts of not being independent, but declares distinctly that it is published for the benefit of the Democratic party. Its desire in reprinting the article from the *Enquirer* and in giving it special endorsement was simply to give aid and comfort to the wing of its party which believes in debased money and assails the public debt, since this faction of its party is supposed to be much more numerous in Oregon than the other, and wants to rule the organization.

This enormous puffery of Senator Jones and of his speech on silver no doubt was intended for publication in his San Francisco organ, and so slipped into the associated press dispatches. The outline telegraphed shows that the speech was a tissue of the most extravagant and unfounded assertions, as for instance that silver has not depreciated in comparison with other commodities any more than gold since silver was demonetized. Go to the leading countries of Europe and see what silver will buy and what gold will buy, as compared with the purchasing power they had respectively before silver became so excessively abundant. Senator Sargent's remark that Mrs. Partington facing the ocean with her broom would aptly represent the United States trying to maintain depreciated silver against the world, has more in it than all the bonanza jewelry and rhetorica moonshine of Jones' speech. The oratory of the senator from the silver borough is just fit to be regarded as a "miracle" by a giddy community and vaporing demagogue like Stanley Matthews.

The English cabinet thinks it entirely unnecessary that the Russians should enter Constantinople. The Russian cabinet believes it equally unnecessary that the English fleet should put in an appearance there. And on its honor neither cabinet is willing to be answerable for the consequences. "Do you bite your thumb at us, sir?" "No sir, I do not bite my thumb at you, sir, but I bite my thumb, sir." Each party is giving the other good advice, and protesting that though he is not splenetive and rash, yet he has in him something which his antagonist would do well to let his wisdom fear. It is evident they are not prepared just yet to end the parle and address themselves to the unspeakable fight.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Rev. H. K. Hines, of Union, is somewhat prominently spoken of as a probable candidate for congress on the Republican ticket.

Soap creek and Muddy have met in convention and prepared an independent political platform. Soft money is its main feature.

The Democratic committee of Linn issue a call for a county convention to assemble at Albany on the 3d of April for the purpose of nominating delegates to the state convention and a full county and legislative ticket.

And now it is hinted that several persons at Albany, heretofore Republicans, have joined the Democratic club. This thing of claiming all the points is commencing early. Can't some Republican stand this "claim" off with something bigger?

It is evident that the political outlook in Linn does not please the seer of the *Democrat*. He says: "It is rumored that a wedding between the radicals and greenbackers of Linn is contemplated for the coming campaign, and that they will divide the county nominations."

Oregon letter to Sacramento *Record-Union*: If there is a Mitchell and an anti-Mitchell war within the Republican ranks, it is more than probable that the Democrats will carry the legislature by default, and then we shall have the second instance where the introduction of Mr. Mitchell's name into the canvass has wrought ruin to the party.

THE CHISHOLM MURDER

THE PEOPLE OF KEMPER COUNTY IN TROUBLE.

[From the Cincinnati Gazette.]

The people of Kemper county, Mississippi, seem to be impressed with the enormity of their crime in putting to death Judge Chisholm and his friends, and have resolved to atone very anxious to find some excuse for the terrible act. The failure to extort a confession from a negro on the gallows, that the Chisholms were a party to the murder of Gulley, must be fresh in the minds of our readers. Here is the latest straw clutched at by these pitiable people. It is from the Meridian Mail:

Mercury:

We learn from a perfectly reliable gentleman, living in Kemper, that two letters, written by and signed by a Mr. Thomas W. Adams, of Panola, in this county, a few days before the assassination of Capt. John W. Gulley, have recently been unearthed, and that they shed a flood of light on that dark and damning deed. Our informant has seen and read those letters, and they furnish indubitable evidence that the surely fabricated people of Kemper, from the beginning, put this horrible crime at the door of its real authors. The letters are now in safe hands, and will, we trust, be given to the public in full. It is due to the people of Kemper that the letters be given to the world without delay.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

FREDERICK W. BERT.....MANAGER

CLOSING OF THE WINTER SEASON—LAST WEEK BUT ONE.

Last Appearance of

COMMODORE & MAJOR NUTT.

THIS SATURDAY AFTERNOON,

AN IMMENSE BILL!

"INSHAVOGUE" & "TOODLES."

Toodles.....Commodore Nutt

THIS SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 16,

First time in Portland of the thrilling sensational Drama, entitled

JACK HARKAWAY

IN IRELAND.

Dennis O'Leary, an Irish Patriot.....Mr. J. M. Ward

Monday evening, Feb. 18—First appearance in Portland of CAPT. JACK, the Boot scout of the Black Hills, and the young and versatile comedienne, Miss RENA.

CHARITY FUND

FOR

Good Samaritan Orphanage.

A VARIED ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE BENEFIT of the above fund, consisting of

MUSIC, READINGS, LIVING PICTURES,

MOTHER GOOSE'S STORIES ILLUSTRATED, MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS, AND AN

AMUSING FARCE,

Will be given under the direction of the ladies managers of the Orphanage, on

Wednesday and Thursday Evenings,

Feb. 27th and 28th. Notice of the place where the entertainment will be given with a complete programme, will be published in due time. 594tf

BALLS AND PARTIES.

GRAND MASQUERADE

OF THE

Portland Turn Verein.

AT TURN HALLE,

Monday Evening, Feb. 18, 1878.

Prices of Admission:

Gentlemen masked.....$2 00
Ladies masked.....1 00
Spectators.....75
Children.....50

Seats reserved at Allsky & Hegele's.
Opening March at 8 P. M.
Dancing begins at 9 P. M.
Distribution of Prizes at 11 P. M.
Dancing to begin at 12 P. M.

☞ In order to avoid confusion, no citizens must keep on the floor occupied by the masks until after the unmasking.

THE COMMITTEE.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

KID GLOVES!

JUST RECEIVED

100 Dozen, All Shades.

TREVAUX KID GLOVE,

2, 3, and 8 Button.

CLARKE & HENDERSON,

SOLE AGENTS.

CORSETS, CORSETS.

We invite the attention of the Ladies to our New and Select Stock of CORSETS, which are positively the BEST and CHEAPEST lot ever shown in the city.

CLARKE & HENDERSON

MILLINERY

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS!

The Largest and Best Assortment at

P. van FRIDAGH'S

79 First Street.

SOLD AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

PORTLAND ACADEMY HALL!

Cor. Alder and Third Streets.

LAURENCE KIRK, PROPRIETOR.

HAVING PURCHASED A LARGE ASSORTment of First class Genuine

Drugs, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, &c.,

for ready cash, is now prepared to dispose of the same in quantities to suit purchasers at the

LOWEST RETAIL PRICES.

With ability and will to perform his own work and the advantages of low rent and the sole possession of a superior stock of Drugs, he guarantees to supply the public with as good and as cheap an article as any of the kind in the market.

PURE WINES and LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

The preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions is made a specialty. 216tf

OSCAR T. SODERBACK,

Manufacturer of

Fine Havana Cigars

SOUTH SIDE MORRISON STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, Portland, Oregon.

NO CHINAMEN EMPLOYED.

fe16dlm

A GREAT INVENTION!

Lockwood's Portable Steam Oven,

THE BEST COOKING UTENSIL EVER INvented. Durable and economical. Cooks healthier, and the juices and flavor retained. Bakes, roasts, cooks, fries, steams, etc., cooked to perfection. All who have used it recommend it as second to none. Manufactured and for sale wholesale and retail by M. R. KINNEY & CO., corner of First and Taylor streets, Portland, Oregon. Country rights for sale. 1y

FIRST-RATE LESSONS

IN

GERMAN AND FRENCH

GIVEN BY

DR. PHIL. FOLKMAR,

At Corner Third and H Streets,

Or at the residence of the pupils. 1y27

CENTRAL BAKERY,

105 Third Street, between Alder and Morrison.

Orders Solicited.

E. SPITZ.

HATHAWAY SHIRTS.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING TO HAVE THEIR shirts made to order can leave measure with us previous to Feb. 20.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

fe11d2w

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

CREIGHTON & STEARNS

AUCTIONEERS,

Commission and Real Estate Agts.

Next Cor. Front and Washington Sts.

REGULAR SALES—Wednesdays and Saturdays.
HORSE SALES—At Goddard's Stables, every Tuesday at 2 P. M.

SPECIAL SALE!

OF

REAL ESTATE.

We will sell at our Auction Room, 87 Front street,

On Saturday, Feb. 16, at 10 A. M.,

160 Acres Good Farming Land

Situated 6 miles from East Portland on the Powell's Valley road. Bounding the Gresham settlement. being S½ of W½ Section 10, and W½ NW¼ Section 15, T1 S R2 E—80 acres brush, easily cleared, balance second growth, timber suitable for piling. Small house and barn on the premises.

Title perfect. Terms at time of sale.

CREIGHTON & STEARNS, Auctioneers

REGULAR SALE!

At Salesroom, 87 Front St.,

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1878,

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

Furniture, Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, and Crockeryware.

CREIGHTON & STEARNS,
Auctioneers.

HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

CENTENNIAL BRACKET SAWS

With extra Blades and Designs, Treadle Power. All Iron.

FLOWER POT BRACKETS,

Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, &c.

MITERING TOOLS, RODS, &C.

Patent Hand Cuffs and Police Nippers.

Butchers' Saws, Scales Knives, Steels, Cleavers, Scrapers, &c.

Cross Cut, Mill, Mulay & Circular Saws.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Shelf and Builders' Hardware,

JOHN R. FOSTER,

Cor. Stark & Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

OREGON

Furniture Manufacturing Co.

Salesrooms—First and Yamhill Streets.
Steam Factory—Front and Madison sts., Portland, Oregon.

THIS COMPANY WAS THE ONLY ONE ENgaged in the manufacture of Furniture on the Pacific Coast that received a First Class MEDAL and DIPLOMA at the

International Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876!

A full line of Parlor, Bedroom and Dining-room

FURNITURE,

of their own make, constantly on hand and for sale at bottom prices.

PATRONIZE

HOME INDUSTRY

D. METZGER,

Manufacturer of

Glue, Curled Hair and Neats Foot Oil.

ALSO,

Refined MACHINE OILS.

OFFICE and SALESROOM:
Corner Front and Main Streets—No. 180.

N. B.—Machine Oils can also be had from HODGE, DAVIS & CO. D. METZGER.

MRS. E. S. WASS,

GRATEFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, RESPECTfully notifies the public that on account of continued ill health, she intends selling off at Cost her entire Stock of

HUMAN HAIR GOODS!

Consisting of 500 Long and Elegant Switches, of rare and choice shades, also, a magnificent assortment of Waterfall and Alexandrian

Curls, Puffs, Frizzetts and Fancy Goods.

She will dispose of Stock, Fixtures and Business Entire. The Butterick Pattern Agency, for the State of Washington Territory for sale.

A light, old-established business; a small capital. Managing done at Reduced Rates.

E. S. WASS,
fe16lm 6 Morrison st., Portland, Or.

Established 1853.

J. R. CONGLE,

Manufacturer & Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

SADDLES, HARNESS, Saddlery Hardware, And Leather, 73 Front St., Portland, Or.

Sole agents for Knight's Patent Drover Saddle, for Oregon, Idaho Washington,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN. J. R. K. IRVIN

GILMAN & IRVIN,

Auctioneers and Commission MERCHANTS.

First Street, bet. Pine and Ash, Portland

Regular Sales of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.

SPECIAL SALE!

OF

AUCTION SALE

OF

Teas, Sago, Chicory & Spices.

We will sell at our Auction Salesroom on

TUESDAY, FEB. 19, 1878,

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

TEAS.

50 chests Engl. Breakfast Tea, 1 lb papers.
30 chests choice Japan Tea, in 1 lb papers and boxes.
25 chests choice Breakfast Tea, 4 lbs each.
35 chests Oolong Pouchong Tea, in paper.
20 chests Challenge Tea.

SAGO.

10 bags Sago.

ALSO,

SPICES.

50 cases assorted Spices, in 1 lb to 10 tins.

ALSO,

3500 lbs. Pure Cream Tartar.

Samples of the above Goods can be seen at Salesroom.

GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

INSURANCE.

CHANGE OF AGENCY.

I DESIRE TO ANNOUNCE TO MY FRIENDS and patrons that I have resigned the management of the Oregon Branch of the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company. It is with much regret that I sever a connection which has ever been pleasant.

My successors, J. BACHMAN & BROTHER, will assume control of the Agency from this date.

I have associated myself with J. Bachman & Brother, and can be found at their office, No. 88 First street, until further notice.

ED. HALL, late Manager.

Portland, Jan. 28, 1878. jn28dlm

UNION Insurance Company

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital, (PAID UP IN GOLD COIN,) - $750,000

Assets, exceed - $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,

First National Bank Building, Portland

W. S. CALDWELL, Agent.

THE STATE Investment & Insurance COMPANY.

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, $475,000.

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, President. A. J. BRYANT, Vice President.
CHARLES R. CUSHING, Secretary.

This Company has no connection with any Insurance combination; its business is transacted at the Lowest Paying Rates, each risk being rated according to its own merits.

The undersigned, having been appointed General Agents for the above Company, are now prepared to accept applications and issue Policies for Fire and Marine risks at equitable rates.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Office—25 Front Street, Po Hand.
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory

OYSTERS.

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay OYSTERS

Served In Every Style.

ALISKY & HEGELE,

Wholesale and Retail Confectioners,

No. 105 First Street.

R. C. JANION & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants

AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S.

OFFER FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE PRICES

IND COOPE & CO'S ALE, pints and qts.
McEWAN'S " " "
EASS' " " "
TENNENT'S ALE, pints and quarts.
Bleed, Wolfe & Co's ALE and PORTER, pints and quarts.
Guinness STOUT, pints.
RED CASE GIN, (Rynbende & Sons brand)
Canned Goods, Preserves, Candies, (very popular)
BRANDIES, in case and bulk.
Scotch WHISKY, in case and bulk.
Heidsieck & Co's "GRAND VIN ROYAL" CHAMPAGNE, pints and quarts.
Carte d' Or CHAMPAGNE, pints & quarts.
Finest SHERRIES and PORT WINES.
Benedictine, Maraschino, &c.
IRISH LINENS, DAMASK TABLE LINENS, DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.
CURRY POWDER and CURRANTS.
CORN BRUISERS, CHAIN and ZIG ZAG HARROWS.
English PAINTS and VARNISHES.
Superior WHITE LEAD and ZINC.
CHLORIDE OF LIME and SODA ASH.
WHEAT, OAT SACKS, HESSIANS, and TWINE.
SHEET IRON, assorted sizes.
Tinned SAUCEPANS and COVERS.
FRY PANS, Nos. 3, 4, and 5.
CANNEL COAL, Etc., Etc.

E. C. PIERCE & CO.

DRAYMEN,

Office, 44 Market St.—Stand, 9 Drumm St.
San Francisco, California.

☞ Address Letters to P. O. Box 1424.

Goods Reshipped and Forwarded Promptly at Reasonable Rates.

REFERENCES—Oregon Steam Navigation Co.; Portland Water Company, Portland Gas-Light Co.; Kupp, Burrell & Co., Portland, Oregon. 8Sdw1m

G. L. HIBBARD. H. C. BRACE.

G. L. HIBBARD & CO.,

Importers, Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS & FINDINGS,

No. 23 Front, bet. Pine and Ash Sts.,

PORTLAND, OR.

45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

ZAN BROTHERS,

Broom Manufacturers,

12 and 14 North Front St.

Importers and Dealers in

WOOD & WILLOW WARE.

DR. MED. J. J. AUERBACH,

Formerly of San Francisco.

Member of the California State Medical Society. Office and Residence

New Market Theater Building. d1m

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Corner First and Pine Sts.

Regular Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL ON Merchandise, Furniture, &c.

A general assortment of Merchandise for sale.

ON SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, At 10 o'clock A. M.,

I will sell about

500 LBS. SHIPS' COPPER &

But little used; can be seen at

ALSO,

A Grand Square Chickering

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

WANTS.

A FEW FIRST CLASS AGENTS CAN ing address for circular immediately. REGGIE, Portland, P. O.

WANTED.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE, highest price will be paid.

TO LET.

HOUSE FOR RENT AND FURN sale. Apply to

FOR RENT.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS ly located. Address H, care O

HOUSE TO LET AND FURN SALE.

THE FURNITURE OF THE side of First street, between Gibbery, is offered for sale, and the be let on reasonable terms. Apply office.

FURNISHED HOUSE

ON PINE STREET, BET. suitable for Boarding

je24dtf

FOR SALE.

80 ACRES OF LAND IN Co., 9 miles from Portland, 10 acres Beaver. Well watered. Terms, $100, time. A pair of horses and Address A. H. WASS, Portland.

ARMSTRONG FARM

506 ACRES BEING THE tion of this well-known (the origina) Homestead tract, 8 miles from Dayton. Late Minnville. House large and about $150, but he is sufficiently thanments were effected securing half of Willie left the land of his native steamer sailing hence Wednesday.

JUST THE NUMBER.—One of the most and interesting papers issued from is the current number of the Western Contractor. This number contains amount of telegraph matter, choice any, editorials on leading and important ics of the day, state and territorial mercial and local intelligence. the counter. Only 10 cents per copy. ital number to send east.

TIMELY EXTINGUISHER.—There being a fire yesterday afternoon situated on the north side of Oak tween First and Second. Smoke issue from the building, and Capt. the police force, assisted by several sons, rushed to the rescue. A water dashed on the incipient guished it. No damage and no alarm.

MISPRINT.—In the list of names given Thursday night at East Portland published in yesterday morning's Oregonian pears the name of "Miss J. H. M personated the character of "Old This was a mistake. The character been Mr. J. H. Malleis.

HOW TO DIRECT LETTERS.—Persons ing letters in the postoffice will point to drop them in the proper are labeled. By so doing the clerks greatly assisted in their work, and grown wonderfully in the past year.

CRICKET.—All interested in the manly game of cricket are invited to meeting to be held this evening at the office of Creighton & Stearns, 87 Front street.

P. T. V.—Members of the Portland Verein will please meet at their hall at 2 o'clock. By order of the committee.

PROF. CHANEY will lecture before the Good Templar Hall, on Monday evening, 18th inst., at 7½ and at 7½ P. M.

SENT AWAY.—Willie Reynard, the boy who has a very unenviable reputation, has been rested some weeks ago on a charge of larceny and lodged in the county jail. He was tried by jury, when having the boy's case fully before them, concluded not to indict him, but provided he would leave the state. Arrangements were effected securing half fare, and Willie left the land of his nativity on the steamer sailing hence Wednesday.

A PITIABLE SPECTACLE.—Early yesterday afternoon a rather respectable looking and well dressed young woman was observed on one of the back streets in the East Side portion of the city, acting in an unusual manner. She was accompanied by two children—a little boy and girl. She was carrying the little girl in her arms and leading the boy. Without any apparent reason the woman was noticed to repass three or four times around one block. A well known young gentleman of this city, observing the eccentric conduct of the woman, approached her, to ascertain what the trouble was. On overtaking her he was surprised and shocked to discover that she was intoxicated. Discovering this fact, he suggested that she had better go home. She replied in a manner that she did not know where she lived. Upon making this statement the boy, who was a bright appearing little fellow, said he knew where their home was. But the mother seemed anxious to go, and (on her own) seeing that she said the children were a nuisance, and no doubt the ability of the boy to find his home. Seeing the trouble, the young gentleman very kindly volunteered to help the woman in the house. The offer was accepted, and the four started in quest of the place. After coming down Fourth street, a small bundle, partially filled with some kind of provisions, dropped out of the woman's pocket. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder at the sidewalk. It was picked up by the young gentleman, who threw the bottle away. At length the house was found and the woman intoxicated so much as to be unable to walk. The gentleman says the woman seems to be a stranger in this city, and he was unable to learn her name. Her pitiable condition and the no little attention, and had the unfortunate mother have come across the Good Samaritan, she would doubtless have fallen into the hands of the police.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES.—The *Oregonian* has been informed by Bishop Morris that he has secured three additional clergymen for this jurisdiction. The Rev. Alfred Able, from the diocese of central Pennsylvania; the Rev. John D. McConkey, of Ohio, and the Rev. Brown Hayward, of the diocese of New York. These two former gentlemen will come on the steamer *Oregon*, which is expected to reach Portland about the middle of April. Hayward will come overland, and will reside in Eugene City. Mr. Able will go to Oregon City and Mr. McConkey to Walla Walla. The Rev. Mr. Wells has resigned his work at Walla Walla, but has not permanently left the jurisdiction. Needing time for study, writing and engrossing cares at Walla Walla would not allow and in order to be near his aged father he expects to pass the winter at Portland and to return by the next fall.

OPEN TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—There is to be no diminution in the membership during the meetings of the Open Temperance Society every Saturday evening at the Y. M. C. A. Young Men's Christian Association hall. The spacious hall continues to be densely packed, and large numbers signify the pledge at the meeting. Interesting exercises may be expected at the meeting this evening, commencing promptly at half past seven, and all are cordially invited.

SENT AWAY.—Willie Reynard, the boy who has a very unenviable reputation, has been rested some weeks ago on a charge of larceny and lodged in the county jail. He was tried by jury, when having the boy's case fully before them, concluded not to indict him, but provided he would leave the state. Arrangements were effected securing half fare, and Willie left the land of his native steamer sailing hence Wednesday.

CHEAP HOMES

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE A LARGE number of Lots and Blocks in Addition to East Portland, which they now prepared to dispose of on favorable figure, on terms to suit purchasers. The property is very desirably and eligibly situated, being within convenient distance of Stark Street Ferry, and in a very For particulars apply to

At Sheldon's hardware store, Front and Oregon.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH PRIVATE Board. Inquire on Second street, between Jefferson, opp. Congregational Church.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GOLD COIN! GOLD COIN!

$8000 TO SECURE, EIGHT PER CENT and Dollars, to be secured by mortgage on city property, will be paid less than $1000, on reasonable terms. WM. STROUD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST,

BETWEEN AMERICAN EXCHANGE Charles, a Gold LOCKET. A liberal reward will be paid. American Exchange Barber Shop.

LOST.

A LIVER COLORED SETTER DOG, white nose and clipped tail, answers to the name of "Nip." Suitable reward will be paid for the animal's recovery. JAS. fe15d3t

CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

THE BARK "GLENERNE," from Brisbane, Australia, the undersigned consignees of the vessel will be responsible for no debts to be contracted by the crew.

fe14d3t HOSKINS & CO.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Monumental Silver Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, First and Stark street, Portland, Oregon, on Monday, March 5th, 1878, at 7:30 o'clock P. M. for the election of trustees, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

fe8d7 C. G. H. ROCKEY, Secretary.

REMOVAL.

DR. A. POHL, HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, has removed to corner Second and Yamhill streets, over Plunder's Drug Store. Office hours—From 10 to 12 A. M. and 6 to 8:30 P. M.

SEWING MACHINES.

JOHN BARBEY IS AGENT FOR ALL kinds of Sewing Machines. Locksmithing and all kinds of work done. Shop on Yamhill street near

St. Le

Corner of First and

Importer and

Oranges, Limes, Lemons, Canned Goods, Preserves, Candies, (very popular)
Finest Brands CIGARS.

CANYON CREEK

OFFICES—Lemlmer & Speck's, Washington, satisfaction guaranteed.

JAMES H.

Umatilla,

FORWARDING &

MERCHA

RATES RE

Drayage, per ton,
Storage and Forwarding,

A large Fire-Proof Ware

Also, Ge

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, Hardware,

GENERAL MER

(Established

Mark Goods, care J. H.

al8d2p

G. NEHE

Merchant

31 First St.,

Invites the public to

SEASONABLE GOODS

Style and Workmanship

FANCY C

Eggs for

From Prize Winning strains, White and Brown Leghorns, &c., for sale by

HENRY

Dealer in FISH, POULTRY, Central Market.

fe14dkwtf

Oregon Steam Na

NOTICE

PASSENGERS LEAVING PORTLAND this morning, Feb. 16, at 7 A. M. will take at Celilo for Lewiston, on Snake River, the stage leaving at 8 A. M.

fe16d S. G. REED, Agent.

NOTICE

MR. DAVID L. WAUTH IS NOT IN our business at Walla Walla, and neither has he any authority to act for us from this date.

Portland, Oregon, January 9, 1878.

SPECIAL NOTICE

WE HAVE APPOINTED Special Agent and Attorney, our business in its and transact our business in the extent and in the manner of Attorney to him of date

Portland, Oregon, Feb. 11, 1878.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TION AND COMMISSION

CAR, KILBOURN,

N AND COMMISS ON MERCH

rner 1 irst and Pine Streets.

r Sale Days, Wednesday a Satu days.

PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTAT

erchandise Furniture, etc.

eral assortment of Merch andise al ays

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 16,

At 10 o clock A M

I will sell about

S. SHIPS' COPPER SHEA

little used can be seen at the store.

ALSO

and Square Chickering Piano

OSCAR KILBOURN Auctioneer

WANTS.

W FIRST CLASS AGENTS CAN REALI

opportunity to make money easy by

dress for circular immediately to

R, Portland P O

WANTED.

ND HAND FURNITURE FOR W

heat price will be paid, address P O

TO LET.

SE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE

sale Apply to GILMAN & HEIN Auctioneers

FOR RENT

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS CEN

located Address H care Oregonian

SE TO LET AND FURNITURE

SALE.

FURNITURE OF THE HOUSE ON

e of First street between Mill and

ky, is offered for sale and the residence

on reasonable terms. Address M P

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET

PINE STREET BET SECOND AND

suitable for Boarding House.

MRS. E. HOU

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

ACRES OF LAND IN WASHINGTON

ty, 15 miles from Portland 15 acres

ion 10 acres Beaver Dam easily

vestered. Terms, $1100 $500 cash, b

A pair of horses and oth er stock

ire A. H. WASS, Portland P O.

ARMSTRONG FARM FOR SA

ACRES BEING THE REMAINI

tion of this well known improv

original Homestead want to Yamhi

the French Dayton Lafayette St. Joseph

ryville. House large Barn and other

ts. This perfect and guaranteed

acre, one third cash balance on long

per cent interest Apply to R. C

nt for owners, 52 First street, Portland

CHEAP HOMESTEADS.

HE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCH

large number of Lots and Blocks in

dition to East Portland, at a great sa

prepared to dispose of the same at

ire, on terms to suit purchasers. Th

ity is desirably and eligibly situated

ds, being within convenient distan

Street Ferry, and in a very healthy

particulars apply to W. P. ABERNE

Mr. Sheldon's hardware store, 3 street, b

th Oregon.

PRIVATE BOARD W

PRIVATE BOARDING.

URNISHED ROOMS TO RENT OR

Board. Inquire on Second, bet. Mor

Stenson, opp. Congregationa Church.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GOLD COIN! GOLD COIN!

$5000 TO $9000, EIGHT TO NIN

and Dollars, to be secured by

ge on city property, will be loaned in

s, from $1000, on reasonable terms. Ap

WM STRONG Delaware

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST.

BETWEEN AMERICAN EXCHANGE

Charles and 5624 LOCUST St. Cases

Shaving Set will be paid on return

American Exchange Barber, Saloon.

LOST.

A LIVER COLORED SETTER DO

white nose and clipped tail

name of "Mip." Suitable reward will

animal's recovery J T. WILL

Telegraph.

CERTAIN NOTICE.

DR. BARK, "BLENHEIM CAT

Dog Physician. Neither Ca

the undersigned members of the

ical will be responsible for any de

contracted by the crew

HENRY HEWE

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETI

MEETING OF THE STOCKH

the Monumental Silver Mining

will be held at the office of the

rner and Stark street, Portland, Orego

day, March 8th, 1878, at 7 o'clock P

G. D FOLGER

Secretary.

REMOVED.

DR. A. POHL, HOMEOPATHIC P

has removed to corner Ash and

over Pfunder's Drug Store entrance

Office hours—From 10 to 12 A. M., 1

3 to 8.30 P. M.

SEWING MACHINE REPA

JOHN HARBEY IS READY TO RE

kinds of Sewing Machines

Locksmithing and all kinds of

work done.

Shop on Yamhill street near Second.

S. L. STONE.

Corner of First and Ash

Importer and Jobber of

Oranges, Limes, Lemons, Nuts

Canned Goods, Broadway Cigars

Candles, (very popular)

Finest Brands CIGARS AND

CANYON CREEK LA

OFFICES—Lemline's Cigar Store

& Speck's. Washing promptly

satisfaction guaranteed.

JAMES H. KOO

Umatilla, Oregon

FORWARDING & CO

MERCHAN

RATES REDUC

Storage, per ton

Storage in Bonded Warehouse

A large Fire-Proof Warehouse Acco

Also, dealer in

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, G

Hardware and

GENERAL MERCHAND

(Established in 18

Mark Goods, care J. H. & E.

allstop JAMES H.

G. NEUMEYE

Merchant Ta

31 First St., Portla

Invites the public to inspect h

SEASONABLE GOODS—JUST

Style and Workmanship G

FANCY CK

AND

Eggs for Ha

From Prize Winning strains o

mas White and Brown Leghorns, Ba

dons &c. for sale by

HENRY MA

Dealer in FISH POULTRY

Central Market

febdd&wtf

Oregon Steam Na

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS LEAVING PORTL

day morning at 8 o'clo for LEW

Str ATMORE will call for or wave p

on Snake River the stage of water p

ford S G REED

NOTICE.

MR DAVID I WAITE HAS

in on business as partner

Neither he nor any authority

from this date

Portland Oregon, January 3 18

SPECIAL NOTE!

WE HAVE APPOINTED R. F.

special Agent and Attorney

us and transact our business, a

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of Attorney to him of date Fe

Portland Oregon Feb 12, 18

Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING FEB 16 1878

CITY.

NARROW ESCAPE OF JUDGE ADAMS—Mr W H Adams, police judge had a very narrow escape from a watery grave in fact remarkable escape from a watery grave on Thursday On the morning of that day at 6 o'clock a small skiff and pulled down the river for a hunt The wind blew a perfect gale it will be remembered that day the river was very rough so that Mr Adams made but slow progress against the combined force of wind and water When just about the lower end of Swan Island his small craft was struck by a squall and capsized A very valuable gun was lying in the bottom of the skiff together with ammunition and a gun coat The gun was partially secured to the boat and when the latter went over Mr Adams was fearful that he would lose the weapon. In his efforts to save the gun he allowed the boat to drift away from him and it was sometime before he regained his hold of the skiff All his efforts to save the gun were of no avail for it slipped out of the boat and was irrecoverably lost Mr Adams says that for some time the wind was so strong that the skiff was carried over and over The water was dashed against his face so violently that he was repeatedly strangled However he was able to keep hold of the boat. While being buffeted about a purse containing between $30 and $40 in coin dropped out of Mr Adams pocket and was also lost beyond the hope of possible recovery The river was very rough and the small boat was tossed about like a feather. No steamers happened to be passing; no small boats were in sight, and for a time there appeared to be no assistance but death By great physical exertion Mr Adams was able to retain his hold on the boat, and thus kept his head above that water. The wind and water soon drifted them far down the river Two young men who were chopping wood on the east side of the river above St John for some time saw Mr. Adams as he was drifting quickly past. They immediately ran down and launching into a skiff put out to rescue the imperiled person whose life was in peril On coming up to the boat they found Mr Adams clinging to the keel, clutching it with the death grip, his fingers being rigid as iron. He had been in the water some hour and a quarter, been chilled almost to death, and could scarce articulate a word when rescued His rescuers conveyed him to Springville where he was resuscitated, his benumbed body warmed and covered with dry clothing. After several hours, Mr. Adams had sufficiently recovered to be able to return to his home in this city, arriving here after night. His escape from death must be recorded as most remarkable and it must be recorded as most remarkable and it must be recorded as most remarkable and it

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB 16 1878

SYMPATHY

Hear a proud wife mutter as she sits by
And daily watches his pale cheek grow thin
And each night sees his weary head lie
Where another day will find it
The years go on
Though hopes may fade
And mingle with the sea
And though thy love
Upon ta tide
Why should I doubt trouble it

If a star doth fall from a starry sky,
Or a flower doth droop and fade—
Or a swallow away to the south doth fly
Or a moonbeam hide in shad
Who can guard pass
My very shad
Though fickle and false thy
And though hi love
Ne'ertheless prove
Another shall name to thee

HOW I GOT MARRIED

Yes I m a married man at last That is my wife sitting over there in the easy chair Fair —that s and right delicate creature with the soft creamy face and lustrous golden hair and that queer little thing in her lap over which she coos so tenderly is my son and heir Charles Trowbridge Jnr Heavens what a feeling of importance it gives a fellow to know that his name will live after his body is under the sod I never knew what it was to be a man before. I m one now every inch of me as Lear was every inch a king.

A woman hater That s what I ve been called all my life and the cognomen was not misplaced I did hate women and excluded myself from their society and railed and sneered at their frailties until—well until the little woman wonder glorified the whole feminine gender for me I am changed man, I can t pass a bit of feminine apparel in a shop window—chignon or a knot of ribbon—without attender thrill in my heart I m an old fool that s about the amount of it

Twenty years ago! Bless my soul what a long way to look back! Such a misty, winding road cut across at every turn by the grass green graves of dead friends and blighted hopes! Ah me I would not go back and treat it over again if I could, twenty years ago I met with my first disappointment, and it made me a misanthrope, a woman hater

I was a young stripling then, just sixteen the sole idol and comfort of an over fond mother. We lived all alone in a neat little villa at Shepperd's Bush and mother was bent upon making a great man of me—poor fond mother! She confidently believed that I possessed any amount of undeveloped talent, and den ed herself a thousand little comforts in order to secure for me the advantages necessary to bring it into action Looking back upon those days now, it affords me a kind of melancholy satisfaction to know that she went to her eternal rest, happily unconscious that all her unselfish labor had been spent for naught, still fancying, in the ego ism of her love, "her boy, as she called me would one day cover himself with the lustre of great deeds.

I shared her belief, then and when my sixteenth year and my academical course both culminated at once, I thought my fortune was made. As a matter of course the next st p to be taken was matrimony. By way of beginning, I set myself to work to get up a poem, to be dedicated to the fair one of my choice; Miss Jessie Weaver The composition consumed a round week Day after day I shut myself up in my bed chamber, and racked my brains over rhyming syllables. At last it was finished, and elaborately copied on scented rose colored paper There were some dozen verses, I m certain, containing swashy sentiment, and morbid melancholy, sufficient to stock a regiment of ordinary novels, but mother listened while I read them to her in a confident, deliberatory style, her loving eyes full of subdued excitation

"I always thought so! I always thought you'd make a great man, my boy," she said promptly.

I sent the poem to Jessie, with no doubt about its reception. I held too high an opinion of her good sense to believe for an instant that she would fail to appreciate it; and she didn't, as her gay laugh and dancing eyes attested at our next meeting.

"You'll be famous by and-by, Char ey, she called after me over the garden gate, "a second Byron."

I stroked my sprouting mustache with serene self complacency, running my eye over the gardens surrounding her father's mansion She was an only child, and would inherit all his wealth. I had made up my mind to propose for her on my next visit, and it would be a pepper thing to make her a present on such an occasion.

There was a gray ruby brooch on exhibition in one of the shop windows at Notting Hill and on this I had set my heart; but the price was five guineas. How should I ever manage to get it" I made known my desires and intentions to mother on my return home. She looked serious and thoughtful for a moment then she arose, and going to the cupboard, took down the blue china bowl, in which she kept her money. I can see her now, with her slight figure and pale face, as she stood in the glow of the firelight, counting over the heap of silver pieces she had poured upon the table

'Only five guineas," she said, with a suppressed sigh, as she returned the surplus three or four half-crowns to the bowl, "but take it my boy, and welcome."

I took it and bought the brooch for Jessie

"Isn't it splendid, mother?" I said, a few evenings after, as I was giving the finishing touches to my toilette, preparatory to that important visit. She'll be sure to take it, won't she?"

"To be sure she will, my boy," she replied, flutter ng around me, polishing the bright brass buttons on my blue cloth coat with the corner of her apron, and twisting her well oiled locks over her fingers, "and she'll take you, too, if she's not devoid of appreciation."

My heart swelled with gratified vanity as I put the glittering toy in my pocket, and started. She followed me out, and then down to the garden gate.

"Good bye, my boy," she called, as I hurried through.

Something in her voice made me look back, and I noticed that her face had a strange, white look, and her eyes were running over with tears.

"What is it, mother"" I asked, turning and taking her hand.

"Nothing—nothing at all my dear Only this new joy won't make you quite forget me, will it, Charley?"

"Oh mother, no," I cried, throwing my arms around her neck, and kissing her white cheeks. "I shall never love any one else as I love you."

"My darling, my pride," she murmured "No other mother ever had such a son—you never caused me a moment's sorrow, Charley I'm glad of it, mother. Good bye"

"Good bye, my boy."

I left her standing there in the autumn dusk, and went up to Major Weaver's The fates were propitious, I found Jessie alone in the parlor, sit ing to her guitar

"It s you Charley,' she said carelessly as I entered There, sit down while I sing to you."

I obeyed reluctantly enough, for I was in a fever of impatience. To this day I have no idea of what she sang, but the instant she finished, I was at her side

'Jessie,' I said, unfolding the scented paper that contained the brooch, 'these a present I've brought you, and—

But she cut short my declaration which I had cut and dried weeks beforehand, with a scream of delight

"For me, Charlie"" she cried as the glittering toy flashed on her sight "tis the very thing wanted You dear darling boy—how shall I ever thank you?" and seizing me around the neck she gave me a hearty kiss

The touch of her red lips fired my blood like wine and set my brain in a whirl of excitement n a breath I was on my knees before her pouring out my love and the hopes I had cherished in frenzied accents At first she stood amazed then as the full sense of what I was saying dawned upon her she broke into a gay laugh

'Oh Charley! you silly boy! she cried 'you are too amusing I gave you credit for more sense than this Get up child and stop this f olish nonsense I'm to be married in six weeks to Sir Walter Dunbar

What I said or did I ew I go out of the house I never knew. I found myself in the meadows making my way toward the canal A dull pain throbbed through both heart and brain and on striking irresistible impulse impelled me on My mother's loving watchfulness had hitherto kept my life from all care and sorrow and I shrank from pain and only thought of ridding myself of it

The great autumn moon was just up as I reached the bank pouring down her silver splendor on the water I sat down beneath the shadow of a drooping willow listening to the moaning rustle of the branches overhead Kensal Green cemetery was clearly visible A solitary bird a night ingale perhaps uttered mournfully from a neighbouring thicket All these sights and sounds were as far distant as my own identity and I felt an infinite pity for myself looking upon and listening to them for the last time—for the last time it seemed to me after the cruel blow I had received life was out of the question One plunge into those dark waters would end all So I rose and walked slowly along the canal bank, thinking what I would do I never had a serious thought of suicide before, and have composed and delivered myself of many long speeches, but having these to myself I determined to end it

Directly upon this the new idea struck me and hastened every carefully considered step to the bank I was determined to make the fatal plunge But I had not counted upon the shock of cold water upon my mental system I knew I was a coward, but the cowardice of the thing was never brought home to me so forcibly A keen pang, both cold and sharp, struck my heart How would she bear my loss? she who had been so loved me? I calculated the shock with which out bold upon her Farewell! I cried, and struck my mothers heart Snatching down my coat I struck across the fields at a rapid pace At the village gate I passed a child to whom I very coolly, a fleeting passing thought The moonlight streamed down upon the face of my mother in her great arm chair I could see her white face plainly I opened the gate and walked up the gravel walk with suppressed step She slept, it be asleep I thought—and she was that quiet dreamless sleep that knows no waking She was dead

Two or three days after her funeral our old parish clergyman came down to see me

Well Charley my lad he said after a few moments comforting conversation what do you purpose do ng in the way of a profession"

I am undecided sir I haven t thought much about it I ve been writing a good deal of late and I thought perhaps—

But he cut me short by a gesture

No, my lad no Give that up literature isn t your vocation Go into a trade

I was cut to the very heart but somehow his words stuck to me The more I thought of them the more I was convinced of their sense and after a while I made up my mind to take his advice I threw away my pens and paper and bought a small mercantile business. It was a tedious life yet I soon grew to love it Twenty years after I found myself a rich man the proprietor of the Walnut Hill estate

I had ample means, so I gratified my love for travel, I wandered all over Europe launched my bark upon the waters of the Nile and sat beneath the shadow of the pyramids returning home again sunburned and footsore, with a weary loveless heart I shut myself up having no intercourse with my fellow men and regarding womankind with a bitter feeling of hate and distrust

One sunny autumn afternoon—I have a vivid remembrance of it even to this day, it was early in October, and the sun l ght streaming down upon the great walnut trees in front of my dwelling and glinting through the tawny chestnut leaves seemed to have a peculiar warmth and brightness—I lay on a little hillside watching by turns the blue smoke curling up from my meerschaum and the busy village folk down below me There was a fair or something of the kind on foot and an unusual bustle prevailed

After a while I noticed a trim girlish figure wearing a brown dress and a jaunty little hat coming up from the town in the direction of Walnut Hill I watched her with a feeling of interest, in spite of myself, and when she actually turned into the lane that led up to my door I felt my heart palpitating like a boy's Could it be possible that any woman would have the audacity to force herself into my house—to beard the lion in his den?

On she came her brown veil and streaming ribbons fluttering in the wind, her little boots beating a brisk tattoo on the gravel I lay quite still till she passed me then rising on my e bow, I watched her covertly On she went, s raut up to my house, up the front steps and then, bang! went the knocker I heard the door open, and knowing that she had been admitted, I rose and sauntered up myself she haughty nexed at the tremulous eagerness I felt to know who and what she was She rose from her seat as I entered, saluting me with a pretty little bow

"Excuse me, sir, she said, but you are Mr Charles Trowbridge, I believe, and I am Jessie Dunbar

The silvery voice the familiar face the name, and some glittering ornament in her bosom, all struck me at one and the same moment I felt my head spinning round like a top and unmanaged to ask her to be seated again, and as she complied, I satisfied myself re-garad to the ornament she wore It was my ruby brooch, the one for which I had given the savings of poor mother I could have sworn to that What could it mean?

"We are holding a fancy fair Mr Trowbridge," she began for the benefit of the Queer Fellows orphans every one is giving us something, and I've come to see if you won't help us You will I am sure

"No, I answered, assuming a sternness I did not feel "tis a principle with me never to encourage such institutions

'Sir,' patting her dainty foot impatiently against the carpet 'not encourage feeding the orphans of dead Queer Fellows! Do you mean that?

Her clear dove-like eyes embarrassed me with their steady gaze I cast and took out my pocketbook

"How much shall I give you, Miss Dunbar?"

"What you can afford sir

He handed her a fifty pound note Her eyes glistened so, they dazzled me

'Oh, Mr. Trowbridge! she cried, 'I did not expect this You are so good so generous'

She took out a delicate little purse and crammed it down, then she turned to go

"Good-bye, Mr Trowbridge' she said, pausing in the doorway and holding out her hand I thank you very much indeed but won t you come down to the fair to morrow evening? Please do Mr Trowbridge'

I did not promise her but I went, nevertheless and after the fair was over I attended Jessie home My old sweetheart, Lady Dunbar, grown into a buxom matron, met me in the hall

"A last, Charley" she said, grasping both my hands "but you've been an unfriendly old curmudgeon all these years and we may thank Jessie for luring you out of your den, I suppose She won her bet by it too You see the girls were all hereat laying plans for the fair and they got talking about you and young Mr Snyder offered to bet five pounds that none of them had the courage to go up to Walnut Hill and ask for a donation But Jessie made the venture and now that you have come out of the seclusion do be sociable, Charlie for the sake of our old friendship

I took her at her word Almost every evening after that found me at Sir Walter Dunbar's pleasant home And one spring night when the air was sweet with hidden and the moonlight soft and mellow, and the great apple tree beneath which we sat was white with fragrant bloom I made the same proposal to Jessie that I had made to her mother 20 years before not on my knees however but sitting by her side with her little hand in mine

I loved your mother years ago Jessie, I said, but I was a silly boy then I am a man now and I love you as no man ever loved but once Do you think you can be my wife?

I think I can Mr Trowbridge she answered simply and I do my best to make you a good one I've thought of you a great deal all my life, and loved you I believe even before I ever knew you Mamma used to tell me about you when I was a little girl and I always thought it was wrong in her to take your portrait and your brooch and then laugh at you though of course it was right for her to take the pair But I've always felt sorry for you I don t know how terrible when you were born and found your mother dead and by the by am I the only child you have ever seen Mr Trowbridge Now I be your wife and I'll try to make you forget the sorrow and the error in the past with

But I turned deadly faint and swooned heart and there she stands in the great arm chair before the fire and that little thing of hers says I am her father Trowbridge Jnr And in regard to myself Charles Trowbridge Sen I am the happiest man that ever the sun shines on

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The strike of Northumberland miners is ended and the men have accepted a reduction of 12½ per cent in wages

ADVERTISED LETTERS

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Portland County of Multnomah Oregon Feb 16 1878. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised

Ladies List

Brady M Hill — Bayley Mrs D
Biles Mary — Baker Mrs Bell
Brown Mrs Ella
Camp Alice — Clark Kittie
Cummins Mrs Hannah E — Comstock Emma
Cummins Mrs Mary C
Dalton Mrs M D — Davis Mrs M
Davis Mary E — Gleason Mrs Mary
Davis Mrs M D — Davis Mrs Mary
Fox Mrs Mary E — Fuller Mrs M
Fuller Mrs M — Fuller Mrs M
Fuller Mrs M — Fuller Mrs M
Fuller Mrs M